

Mycophenolate for the prevention of rejection after a liver transplant

Information for patients

This leaflet contains information about mycophenolate, which is a medication that can be used to prevent rejection of the donor liver after a liver transplant. If you have any other questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to speak to the doctors, nurses or pharmacists caring for you.

What is mycophenolate?

Mycophenolate is a drug used to suppress your body's own immune system and prevent it from rejecting the transplanted liver.

How long does mycophenolate take to work?

Mycophenolate can take 6 to 12 weeks before the full effect is seen.

How do I take mycophenolate?

- Mycophenolate is available as 250mg and 500mg strength capsules or tablets. It is
 prescribed by drug name and therefore it does not matter what generic product you
 receive.
- The dose is usually taken twice a day, about 12 hours apart (morning and evening).
- It is important you take your mycophenolate regularly and approximately at the same times each day.
- Do not take the tablet or capsule out of the foil strip until you are ready to take it.
- You should take each dose with or immediately after food to help reduce stomach upset.
- Swallow the tablet or capsule whole with water.

How long will I take mycophenolate for?

The length of treatment depends on each person. It is likely to be for several years or longer. Some people take it all their lives.

Will mycophenolate be the only medication I take to prevent rejection after my liver transplant?

No. Unless specifically told by your specialist team, you will be on at least one other medication to prevent rejection after your liver transplant.

Can I stop taking mycophenolate at any time?

No. Stopping mycophenolate will increase the chance of rejection. Do not stop taking mycophenolate unless your specialist team tells you to.

If you are concerned about side effects, please contact your specialist team (details below).

What should I do if I forget to take a dose?

As this is taken twice per day, you have 12 hours to take the medication. If you forget to take a dose, and it is within six hours of when the dose was due, take that dose straight away. If you realise you have missed it after six hours has passed, wait until the next dose is due. Do not take a double dose.

It is very important you take your mycophenolate regularly and at about the same times each day. If you miss a lot of doses, the chance of rejection is higher.

What if I take too many tablets or capsules?

Get help immediately:

- from your specialist team, Monday to Friday, 9am to 5:30pm (details below)
- outside of these hours, please contact NHS 111, an out of hours GP, or attend an emergency department (A&E) if you are very unwell

Should I take mycophenolate on the day I have a clinic appointment?

On the day that you attend your clinic, please take your mycophenolate as prescribed. Monitoring of mycophenolate blood levels is not routinely performed.

Side effects of mycophenolate

Mycophenolate has several side effects but not everyone will experience them. Some of the side effects may resolve or improve if the dose, or timing of the dose, is adjusted.

Talk to a doctor or NHS 111 immediately if you experience any of the following:

- signs of an infection such as a sore throat, fever or cough
- unexpected bruising or bleeding
- rash, swelling of your face, tongue or throat, and/or difficulty breathing (you may be having a serious allergic reaction to mycophenolate)
- jaundice (yellowing of eyes or skin)
- severe upper stomach pain

The most common side effects are:

- stomach upsets
- diarrhoea
- tiredness and difficulty sleeping
- pains (such as stomach, chest, joint or muscles)
- headaches
- changes in your blood pressure
- tremors (shaking or trembling)
- · weight changes

- increased risk of developing cancer (particularly of the skin)
- your blood count may be affected

You may notice some of these side effects yourself. Tell the doctor or pharmacist if you do as there is often a solution.

Mycophenolate can increase the risk of sunburning and skin cancer, and so national advice on sun safety should be followed:

- seek shade from 11am to 3pm
- never burn,
- cover with suitable clothing and sunglasses
- use high sun protection factor (at least SPF 30)regularly check your skin for changes (for example, new moles or mole changes)
- avoid exposure to additional ultraviolet (UV) light, such as tanning machines

What monitoring do I need while I am on mycophenolate?

After starting mycophenolate, or after any dose changes, you will need blood tests every two weeks for at least six weeks, until your dose is stable. Once the dose is stable, you will usually need blood tests every three to six months. Your kidney function, liver function, full blood count and blood pressure will be monitored while you are on mycophenolate.

Taking other medicines with mycophenolate

Some medicines can interact with mycophenolate, altering how well it works. Always check with your liver doctor or pharmacist if you are prescribed new medications, or if you buy any new medicines over the counter, including herbal or homeopathic medicines.

Some medicines can reduce the amount of mycophenolate absorbed by your body, or lower the levels in your blood, for examples some medicines for indigestion, and some antibiotics and antifungals.

Other medications such as antivirals (like aciclovir and ganciclovir), medicines that suppress your body's immune system (immunosuppressants) or medicines that can reduce your white blood cell count (such as clozapine) can also interact with mycophenolate.

Vaccines

Some vaccines contain a live form of the virus. These are called live vaccines. If you are taking mycophenolate, you cannot have live vaccines and for three months after stopping mycophenolate. If you are considering vaccinations check with your doctor or pharmacist first.

It is still important to get the following:

Flu vaccine: recommended

• COVID-19 vaccine: recommended

Pneumovax: recommended

• Shingles vaccine (Shingrix®): make sure you get the NON-LIVE formulation

Storage

- Store your mycophenolate in a cool, dry place, away from direct sunlight.
- Keep the blister in the outer carton to protect from light.
- Keep your mycophenolate out of the sight and reach of children.

- Do not use after the expiry date on the packaging.
- Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of any medicines no longer needed.

Supply

You will receive your mycophenolate from hospital when you attend your out-patient appointments. Ensure that you ask for a supply when you attend.

As this is a specialist medicine, the supply cannot come from your local community pharmacy.

You will be supplied with enough medication to last until your next clinic appointment. If for some reason, this does not align, you should e-mail the liver secretaries who can contact the prescriber who reviewed you in clinic and they will be able to arrange a prescription. If this occurs, please ensure you contact the team at least two weeks before you are due to run out of your mycophenolate.

Is mycophenolate safe in pregnancy?

No. Mycophenolate is <u>not</u> recommended in pregnancy due to the potential risk to the unborn child.

Please discuss any family planning with your specialist team and tell them if you are considering having a baby. If you become pregnant while taking mycophenolate, please inform the specialist team as soon as possible.

Contraception

Women and those assigned female at birth who can have children must be using TWO forms of highly effective contraception before starting mycophenolate, while taking mycophenolate, and for six weeks after stopping mycophenolate.

Men (including those who have had a vasectomy) and those assigned male at birth who are having sex or family planning should discuss the need for contraception with their specialist team on an individual patient basis.

Is mycophenolate safe in breastfeeding?

No. Do not breastfeed while taking mycophenolate.

Additional information

- If you take mycophenolate, you may be more at risk of getting an infection.
- If you come into skin contact with someone with chickenpox or shingles, or if you develop chickenpox or shingles, you need to contact your doctor immediately.
- Do not take this medicine if you have a hypersensitivity to mycophenolate or mycophenolic acid.
- Do not donate blood while on mycophenolate and for at least 6 weeks after your last dose.

How can I find out more?

If you would like any more information on mycophenolate, or if you need to get in contact with a member of the liver team, please use the details below (available Monday to Friday, from 9am to 5.30pm).

- Liver Outpatients: kch-tr.liver.outpatients@nhs.net
- Liver Pharmacy Team: kch-tr.liverpharmacy@nhs.net

MyChart

Our MyChart app and website lets you securely access parts of your health record with us, giving you more control over your care. To sign up or for help, call us on 020 3299 4618 or email kings.mychart@nhs.net. Visit www.kch.nhs.uk/mychart to find out more.

Sharing your information

King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust has partnered with Guy's and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust through the King's Health Partners Academic Health Sciences Centre. We are working together to give our patients the best possible care, so you might find we invite you for appointments at Guy's or St Thomas' hospitals. King's College Hospital and Guy's and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trusts share an electronic patient record system, which means information about your health record can be accessed safely and securely by health and care staff at both Trusts. For more information visit www.kch.nhs.uk.

Care provided by students

We provide clinical training where our students get practical experience by treating patients. Please tell your doctor or nurse if you do not want students to be involved in your care. Your treatment will not be affected by your decision.

PALS

The Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS) is a service that offers support, information and assistance to patients, relatives and visitors. They can also provide help and advice if you have a concern or complaint that staff have not been able to resolve for you. They can also pass on praise or thanks to our teams.

Tel: 020 3299 4618

Email: kings.pals@nhs.net

If you would like the information in this leaflet in a different language or format, please contact our Interpreting and Accessible Communication Support on 020 3299 4618 or email kings.access@nhs.net